

The New Era

DEVOTED TO NEWS, POLITICS, LITERATURE, SCIENCE, EDUCATION AND AGRICULTURE.

VOL. IX. NO. 4.

NEWMARKET, C. W., FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1880.

WHOLE NO. 420.

Business Directory.

John T. Stokes,
COMMISSIONER for taking Affidavits in the Court of Queen's Bench for the Counties of York and Peel, Conveyancer, &c., &c., &c.,
June 3, 1858. 11-10

W. MOSLEY,
CONVEYANCER AND LAND AGENT,
Commissioner in the Queen's Bench,
Office on Yonge Street,
Aurora, 25th May, 1855. 11-17

J. SEXTON,
WATCH and Clock Maker, Main Street Newmarket. All kinds of Watches and Clocks repaired in order, and warranted.
Newmarket, September 9, 1853. 11-32

W. MOSLEY,
BILLS and Testaments can be had at Mosley's office, upon application to Thomas Nixon, at the Bill's Office, opposite Howitt's Hotel.
Newmarket, March 20, 1855. 11-10

GEORGE D. HUTCHCROFT,
Wagon, Carriage & Sleigh Maker,
MAIN STREET NEWMARKET. All Orders executed with Despatch.
Newmarket, Feb. 1, 1856. 11-50

DR. BENTLEY,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHUR,
NEWMARKET.
Office—Water Street, foot of Main Street.
Feb. 20, 1857. 11-3

RAILROAD HOTEL,
NEWMARKET.
The proprietor having again resumed the above HOTEL respectfully informs the travelling public that the premises have undergone a thorough repair, and he is now prepared for the reception of guests. The Hotel contains liquors of the best brands, and the Larder well supplied.
JAS. FORSYTH.
Newmarket, Oct. 14, 1857. 11-37

James Allan begs to return thanks for past favors, and to intimate that he is prepared to cast STOVES, SUGAR KETTLES, MACHINE CASTINGS, and other articles usually required in his line of business.
A number of SUGAR KETTLES, and STOVES, PLOUGHS, on hand for sale.
Newmarket, February 10th 1854. 11-1

UNITY FIRE & UNITY
GENERAL INSURANCE ASSOCIATIONS,
OF ENGLAND.
Capital, £2,000,000 Sterling.
J. W. MARDEN,
Agent Newmarket.
Oct. 24, 1855. 11-1

S. M. JARVIS,
Barrister and Solicitor in Chancery
VICTORIA HALL—TORONTO.

BRANCH Office in Newmarket conducted by J. L. CAMERON, Esq.,
Newmarket, Feb. 24, 1859. 11-130

Brick and Bricks!
THE Subscriber offers for sale in the AURORA Brick Yard,
20,000 BRICKS,
Of superior Quality, both White and Red, at reduced prices.
W. MOSLEY,
Land Agent, Conveyancer &c.,
Aurora, June 10, 1858. 11-1

NORTH AMERICAN
HOTEL,
MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET,
CHAS. BRIDGEMAN, Proprietor.

THE above Commodious Establishment has lately been refitted and re-furnished for the accommodation of guests. The proprietor respectfully solicits a call from his many old friends, while visiting Newmarket.
Good Stabling, and a careful hostler.
Newmarket, July 20th, 1859. 11-24

Whiskey! Whiskey!
DOMESTIC AND TODDY,
Of Excellent Quality, by the Barrel, Gallon or Quart. For Sale cheaply.
JOHN BENTLEY.

Razors, Scissors and Knives,
(ROUND and) cut, on the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms,
G. A. WALLACE.

Dr. D. E. SEYMOUR,
HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

OFFICE—West side Main-st., near the New Building, Newmarket, C. W.
July 7, 1859. 11-21

G. Mortimer,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHUR,
AURORA.

A FRESH supply of Drugs, Chemicals, Med. Instruments, &c., &c.,
Aurora, March 15, 1859. 11-5

Northwestern Railway of Canada.

TRAINS Leave Union Station as follows:

FOR COLLINGWOOD:
Leave at 7:00 A.M.
Arrive at Collingwood, 1:00 P.M. and 5:00 P.M.
LEAVE COLLINGWOOD:
Leave at 6:30 A.M.
Arrive at Collingwood, 12:30 P.M. and 6:00 P.M.
J. LEWIS GIBBY, Superintendent.
Superintendent's Office, Toronto,
Feb. 20, 1860.

Just Received
FROM Philadelphia, a full supply of Dr. D. JAYNE'S FAMILY MEDICINES. Also—
Jayne's Guide to Health,
And Medical ALMANAC for 1860.
JOHN BENTLEY.
Newmarket, Oct. 6, 1859. 11-24

Business Directory.

John T. Stokes,
ARCHITECT &c., &c., &c., Canada West,
Sharon, Jan. 25, 1856. 11-51

T. Bishop & Son,
BRICK-LAYERS, Plasterers and Stone Masons.
Dealers in Lime, &c., &c.,
Main Street, Newmarket, May 7, 1857. 11-14

A. BOULTBEE,
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Newmarket.
Newmarket, Oct. 20th, 1855. 11-30

R. MOORE,
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Office—in the New Court, House, next to the County Council Office, Toronto.
Toronto, June 5, 1857. 11-32

JOHN R. JONES,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Office in Elgin Building, corner of Yonge and Adelaide Streets, Toronto.
Toronto, June 20, 1855. 11-17

MORRIS RICHARDSON,
CONVEYANCER, Land Agent, &c., &c., Office—Old Stand, Prospect St. Patents of Inventions prepared.
Newmarket, 1855. 11-1

INTERNATIONAL
Life Assurance Society of London,
Capital—Half-a-Million Sterling.
ROBERT H. SMITH,
Agent.
Newmarket, Nov. 3, 1855. 11-41

DR. PYNE,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHUR,
RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has REMOVED to his new premises on Graham Street, opposite the Woolen Factory, where he may be consulted at all hours, except when absent on professional business.
Newmarket, May 14, 1855. 11-15

DR. HACKETT,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ACCOUCHUR, &c.,
RESIDENCE—Prospect Street, (Garbutt Hill),
Newmarket. 11-10

ROBERT BRODIE,
BUILDER, &c.,
Returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed during the past few years, respectfully intimates that he is now prepared to contract for the ERECTION OF BUILDINGS,
and when required, find all Materials. Shop on Water Street.
Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1855. 11-30

E. D. ROGERS,
JOINER AND CARPENTER,
Returning thanks for the liberal patronage conferred by the public, and in this place, would respectfully intimate that he is prepared to contract for the ERECTION OF BUILDINGS,
of all descriptions, and furnish materials or otherwise, as may be agreed upon. He keeps constantly on hand, a good supply of "ash and doors." All orders executed in a neat and substantial manner, and with dispatch.
Newmarket, Sept. 24, 1857. 11-31

William B. Sullivan,
BARRISTER and Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, &c., Office—No. 2 Toronto, second door south of Post Office, Toronto, C. W.
November 4th, 1859. 11-38

RYAN & HALL,
CIVIL ENGINEERS,
AND
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS.
Office—Newmarket, County of York.
JOHN RYAN. S. W. HALL.
December 23, 1856. 11-47

H. Noble, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHUR,
Sharon, C. W.
February 23, 1860. 11-9

Hides! Hides! Hides!
THE Subscriber is prepared to pay CASH for hides.
THOMAS NIXON.
Newmarket, Dec. 9th, 1858. 11-43

For Sale.
ON very reasonable terms, a Building Lot, situated on the side of the King Street Station, near King Hotel, in the 4th Concession—within one mile of the Post Office. For further particulars apply at this Office.
E. JACKSON.
February 7, 1859. 11-52

WALTER B. GEIKIE, M. D.,
Licentiate of the Medical Board of Upper Canada, and recently one of the Medical Officers of the Toronto General Hospital, and Professor of Anatomy and Surgery in Dr. Holt's Medical School.
HAS returned to AURORA, and taken his former residence, on Yonge Street, where he may be consulted at all hours, on the various branches of his profession.
Aurora, Dec. 15, 1859. 11-44

PURE COD LIVER OIL,
Can be Obtained at
Dr. NASH'S Medical Hall,
NEWMARKET.

HAVING just received a large supply, also, the Genuine Moore's Indian Root Pills, Holloway's Ointment, and Pills, Radway's Relief, Pain Killer, Peppermint, Venereal, Glanders Worm Tonic, Penny's Pills, Vegetable Antidotes, Pills, Eye Salve, Cherry and Long Wort and Cherry Tonic.
The above are warranted genuine from the respective proprietors.
Newmarket, March 25th, 1858. 11-6

SIMPSON & DUNSPACH,
No. 35, King-st., East Toronto,
IMPORTERS, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,
Faints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs,
Colors, Varnishes, Brushes,
Sjants, Turpentine,
Patent Dryer, Zinc Pellets,
Artists' Materials, Etc., &c.,
Toronto, July 20th, 1855. 11-23

For Sale!
A Large STORE and DWELLING, in the Village of Aurora.
For particulars apply to the proprietor
W. HUGHES.
Aurora, Feb. 9, 1859. 11-53

Poetry.

LIVE AND LOVE.
Written for the Weekly Magazine.

Life at most is very brief,
With its shares of joy and grief;
You cannot live again—
Do not live the life in vain;
Do not live a life of hate;
Live in love in spite of fate;
Thou the life, was the dove—
Live and love! live and love!

Brother, life is not a fight,
Where we strive for wrong or right;
Life is beautiful and true;
Living is a pleasure too;
Earth is lovely, skies are bright;
Sun and moon give down their light;
God is good; the hosts above
Live and love! live and love!

Live in friendship, love and peace,
Then will strife and warfare cease;
Live with love and with high aim;
Then the reign of wrong will pass;
Sin and death will melt away;
In the light of love's fair day;
Imitate the good above,
Live and love! live and love!

Correspondence.
We wish to be distinctly understood that we are not responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

Qualifications of Teachers.
To the Editor of the New Era.

Sir—Having read an article in a late number of your paper, and in which rather severe terms upon the conduct of the Grammar School trustees of this portion of the county for refusing to grant certificates to, or examine three young persons who presented themselves before the Board for that purpose. I think it necessary to reply, as the gentlemen who gave rise to the abuse complained of by your correspondent has not thought fit to do so.

At the late examination, Twenty-six candidates presented themselves, and on producing their certificates of character and other necessary documents, it was perceived that three of the members, although stating their ages to be respectively sixteen years, in fact had the appearance of being much younger, and were manifestly too youthful altogether to have charge of a School—the board of examination exercising the discretionary power entrusted to them, after a consultation amongst themselves, it was decided that it would not be expedient, on this occasion, to examine these young persons. And each of them was called upon separately, and after a few questions being put to him, was respectfully and kindly informed of the decision of the board and retired apparently satisfied. After this occurred, I believe a local Superintendent, an ex-officio member of the board of Examiners said something, in a vulgar manner, relative to whistlers to one of these young men, and that observation (I think very unnecessarily) excited your correspondent to write his indignant protest against the board for trifling with the importance and dignity of young Canada.

Having thus far explained as nearly as I can the actual occurrence as it took place, I shall now state to the public what I conceive to be the duty of the board of examiners with respect to the candidates presenting themselves before them for examination, as Common School teachers. The duty of the board is not only to ascertain that they possess the proper amount of educational attainments, but also to be satisfied that they are physically as well as mentally fitted to perform the important functions devolving upon them as common school teachers, and although it appears to me, presenting to the board to measure the attainments of young Canada by the number of years he has been in the world, yet as men entrusted with the discharge of a very important function, and in order to make due provision for the proper education and instruction of young Canada, they are obliged to be very careful that the persons entrusted with teachers certificates should be as nearly as possible fit to discharge their duties, in no particular only but in every other point, and not the least important it strikes me, is the essential one that they should be of a proper age to ensure the respect and enforce the authority—necessarily entrusted to the teachers of our common Schools; and in these opinions I am happy to inform the public our chief Superintendent—Rev. Dr. Hyerson (from conversation held with him) it has been ascertained fully correct. Trusting that young Canada will see that in order to keep up to the status he has already attained, in an educational point of view, that the board has on this occasion acted with sound discretion and judgement.

I have the honor to remain, Mr. Editor, Your Obedt. Servant,
A GRAMMAR SCHOOL TRUSTEE.
Feb. 23rd, 1860.

Literature.

THE MILAN CATHEDRAL.
BY MRS. STONE.

I have been spending a good part of this day on the top of the Milan Cathedral—walking up and down amidst its forest of white spires and battlements, and looking off on the most magnificent panorama of the distant Alps that exists in the world.

I find it interesting that there are critics who look coldly on Milan Cathedral, who bring to certain preconceived theories of art, or some technical rules by which they try and find it wanting. I should as soon think of testing Niagara falls by a code of criticism, remarking that its spray was solidly, and that the colors of the rainbow over the arch were artificial for the solemnity of the scene—or I should as soon try by the rule of technical art the deep arches, checkered shadows, vine-twined trees and lower-embroidered ground of an English landscape.

A Cutting Rebuke.
A correspondent of the Blair County (Pa.) Whig, furnishes the paper with the particulars of the following interesting incident, of which he was an eye-witness. It occurred a few weeks ago on the line of great internal improvements in that State.

At the point on this side of the mountain, where occurred the transportation of passengers from the West, moored a canal-boat waiting on the way through to the East. The captain of the boat—a tall and sun-browned, rough, and sometimes, profane man—stood by his craft superintending the labor of his men, when the cars came in, and a dozen minutes after a party of half a dozen gentlemen came along, and deliberately walked up to the captain and thus addressed him: "Sir, we wish to go East, but our further progress depends upon you. In the cars we have just left, there is a rich man, whose

and American forest. If a person does not like it, why, he does not—it may be no fault of his—only his misfortune, but let him not interrupt those who do with any noise about art. Milan Cathedral is a growth of the Christianized esthetic mind of Northern races with the airy genius, brilliant fancy, and tender sentiments of summer skies and warmer blood races. We have all the religious sentiment without its gloom. There is no baggard, dark sublimity, but sublimity melting into beauty—the sublimity of the ocean when every wave is breaking into crests of snowy foam. In the midst of the city—amid common and ordinary houses it stands pure and glittering as a piece of winter frost-work; and the whiteness of its thousand spires against a blue Italian sky has a loveliness of effect which can no more cease to charm, than can the oft-repeated yet ever new miracles of nature."

"Who can describe it! So vast, and yet so fine, so thread-like and lace-like in its lightness, so full of orate in its regal abundance of detail. The marble below is somewhat stained and blackened by time, but you look upward and follow the line of architectural ornament, it is beautiful to see how the marble refines and purifies itself from the stains of the earth, till all its battlements and tower spires, crowned with figures of saints and angels, seem to dwell in the regions of snowy purity, to have the dazzling whiteness of a transfiguration."

But you go up on the roof, and you walk upon the battlements or ascend the highest tower, and you seem to have passed high out of the region of commonplace things. The beautiful plains of Lombardy lie around you like a map, and the horizon is glittering with the entire sweep of the Alps, like a solemn senate of archangels with diamond mail and glittering crowns. The Mount Blanc, Monte Rosa with its countenance of light, the Jungfrau, and all the vied brethren of the Oberland, rise one after another to your blighted gaze, and the range of the Tyrol goes far on into the blue of the skies. All around, wherever you turn, is the unbroken pliancy of the mountains; and this temple, with its ten thousand statues all standing in attitudes of ecstasy or prayer, seems like a worthy altar, a fitting shrine for the great plain which these beautiful mountains enclose. It seems to give all Northern Italy to God.

To speak of ten thousand statues is not a mere poetical phrase. When all is completed there will be ten thousand—at present they number only seven thousand.

The effect of these statues in this high, pure air, in this solemn and glorious scenery, is peculiar. They seem to stand exultant on their spires, poised lightly as ethereal, pure sky. One feels that they have done with earth—one can fancy them a band of white-robed kings and priests forever ministering in that great temple of which the Alps are the walls, and the Cathedral the heart and centre.

This afternoon as I was there it was the time of evening service, and the whole building at times seemed to vibrate with the swell of the organ, and the rising and swelling of the Ambrosian chant seemed surging and dying like the distant sound of many waters. I stood and leaned against the marble railing over the choir, where I could feel the vibrations of the organ, and around me were noble and thoughtful figures of men and women who were exalted there by no false or earthly standard of honor, but for having led noble and holy lives—for humility, patience, fortitude, constancy, for the victory that overcometh the world—and I thought to myself how wholly and characteristically Christian the whole thing was. Suppose an old Rondo, like Cato or Cicero for instance, to have fallen asleep in his day and placed silently on the top of this building, how would he be puzzled to know what it commemorated. That it was a solemn commemoration of something he could at once see. The crowds of both men and women were thus exalted to be in perpetual remembrance would also be plain—but for what? One universal expression in every face, whether uplifted or downcast, must have struck him as a something different from what antique sculpture ever dreamed. Who more than those that pressed the cross to the breast with one hand and bore the palm branch in the other? What are these with their strange, yet joyful ecstasy wheel armed with spikes, yet looks joyful heavenward. Here a man stands in shackles yet seems radiant with joy. Truly Cicero would say, who are these and whence come they?—and the only answer could be, "These are they that came out of great tribulation, having washed their robes and made them white in the blood of the Lamb!"

The summit of this splendid building is crowned with the image of her who was pronounced blessed among women—yet she was poor and lowly, and her best beloved died the cruel death of the vilest criminal! All these have suffered—had through suffering entered into glory; and this splendid building stands a majestic witness of the change that the life and death of Jesus have made in the world.

It seems fitting that there should be so glorious a shrine, so beautiful a record of so glorious a life and death, and no country is so fair a spot for its existence as a Northern Italy. Never were nature and art so majestically married by religion in so worthy a temple. Never shall I forget that solemn evening; that temple throbbing and pulsated with the majestic chant within, and the silent assembly of spotless, saintly figures bright with the last rays of the evening—the distant rose Alps. It was worth many days of common life.

preference is disagreeable. We have been appointed a committee by the passengers to ask that you will deny this man a passage on your boat. If he goes we remain. What say you?

By this time others had come from the cars, and the passengers through your committee. How the sick man and his representatives here I wish to hear both sides of the question."

To this unexpected interrogatory there was no answer; when, without a moment's pause, the captain crossed to the car, and entering, beheld a poor, emaciated, worn-out creature, whose life was nearly eaten up by the fall destroyer consumption. The man's head was bowed in his hands, and he was weeping. The captain advanced and spoke kindly to him.

"Oh, Sir!" said the trembling invalid looking up, his face now lit up with hope and expectation; "are you the captain and will you take me?" The passengers shun me, and are so unkind. You see, sir, I am dying; but oh! if I can live to see my mother I shall die happy. She lives at Burlington, and my journey is only half performed. I am a poor priest, and the only child of her in whose arms I should like to die."

"You shall go," said the Captain, "if I lose every passenger for the trip."

By this time the whole crowd of impatient passengers were grouped around the boat with the baggage piled on the tow-path, and they themselves awaiting the decision of the captain before engaging their passage. A moment more and that decision was made known, as they beheld him come from the cars with the sick man cradled in his strong arms. Pushing directly through the crowd with his dying burden, he ordered the mattress to be laid in the choicest part of the cabin, where he laid the invalid with all the care of a parent. Then scarcely deigning to cast a look at the astonished crowd along side, he shouted loudly to his hands:—

"Push off the boat!"

But a new feeling seemed to possess the amazed passengers—that of shame and contrition at their inhumanity. With one common impulse, each one seized his own baggage and then immediately walked on board the boat. In a short time another committee was sent to the captain, asking his presence in the cabin. He went, and from their midst there rose a white haired man, who, with the large tear drops starting in his eye, told that rough captain that he had taught them a lesson—that they felt humbled before him, and then asked his forgiveness. It was a touching scene. The fountain of true sympathy was broken up in the heart of nature, and the water swelled up, choking the utterance of all present. In a short time a purse was made up for the sick man, with a "God speed" for his welfare. The true hearted captain of the boat was Samuel D. Carney, and the incident is worth remembering."

cordially. If brought here, however, to add to the popularity of an unpopular Governor General, he had better not come. (Crisis of "Shams.") He would vote cordially for the paragraph, but he wished this matter understood.

In the evening, Mr. Gowan said he would pay over Mr. McGee's speech in silence. Dr. Condon said the price of the consolidated statutes was too high, and ought to be reduced before he could congratulate ourselves on their issue.

Mr. J. A. Macdonald admitted that this was worthy of every consideration. The various paragraphs of the address were then carried and the House adjourned.

In the Upper House, Hon. Messrs. Boulton and La Terriere were the mover and recorder of the address.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

QUEBEC, March 2.

Hon. Mr. Vankoughnet presented the report of his department for the past year.

Hon. Mr. Alexander introduced a Bill to restrain municipalities from issuing debentures beyond certain limits.

The same hon. member called the attention of the Government to the high price at which the consolidated statutes were sold, and suggested that they should be supplied to magistrates at the cost of paper and printing.

Hon. Col. Prince inquired as to whether a bankruptcy law would be introduced this season.

Hon. Mr. Vankoughnet asked the hon. member to withdraw his inquiry for the present.

Hon. Col. Prince inquired whether the Government intended bringing in a Bill to require steamers on inland waters to be provided with masts and sails, or for the better protection of life.

Hon. Mr. Vankoughnet said that two sessions ago a law was passed providing for the inspection of such vessels, and suggested that, if necessary, it might be amended to meet the requirements of the case.

Hon. DeBlaquiere moved an address for copies of correspondence on address of last session, relative to Imperial subsidies to ocean steamers.

The same hon. member obtained an address for copies of the agreement entered into by the Province with the British Government, the United States and Continental Governments, as to conveyance of mails through Canada.

The House then adjourned.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

QUEBEC, March 2.

The House met at three o'clock.

At half past three o'clock the members proceeded to the Executive Council Chamber to present to His Excellency the Address in reply to the Speech from the Throne.

His Excellency was pleased to receive the Address and to make the following reply:—
Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly!

I receive, with very great satisfaction, the loyal Address which has just been read by your Speaker, and I thank you for your kindness to provide for the public service.

On the return of the members to the House, Bills were introduced by Mr. McFlickin to amend the Law relating to usury, and fix a maximum rate of interest.

By Mr. Lemieux, to remove the restrictions in the use of water courses in Lower Canada, and to permit the proprietors thereof to turn them to account.

By Mr. Cauchon, to regulate the rate of interest.

By Mr. Lemieux, to extend to parish and township municipalities the acts authorizing the establishment of joint stock gas and water companies.

By Mr. Foley, to amend the Act 22 Vic., cap. 2, entitled, "An Act to remedy the representation of the people in the Legislative Assembly."

By Mr. Bellingham, for the exemption from seizure and sale, under execution, of a family homestead, and certain other property; and also for the exemption of cattle and implements necessary for working the farm, from seizure and sale under execution.

In reply to Mr. Piche, Attorney-General Cartier said it was not the intention of the Ministry to establish a resident judge in each of the present judicial districts of Lower Canada.

In reply to Mr. Desaulniers, Attorney-General Cartier said that the territorial schedules were completed, with the exception of a few appeals only. Three or four in the district of Three Rivers, and ten or twelve in that of Montreal.

On motion of Mr. McGee, the Committee on Emigration was re-appointed, substituting the name of the Postmaster General for that of Mr. Hogan.

In reply to Hon. Mr. Sicotte, Attorney-General Cartier said that correspondence was still proceeding of a federation of the British N. A. Provinces. The correspondence would be laid before the House, but until the correspondence was closed the Government would not, of course, introduce any measure on the subject.

The House then adjourned.

meeting was merely intended as a demonstration. It was reported that Austria's objections to the English proposals on the Italian question had reached Paris.

The French legislative session had been postponed till the first of March.

The Paris Press had received a dispatch from the Gazette de France a second warning.

It was reported that the Government had bought 60,000 roubles for a fresh train of arms.

The Spanish Cabinet refused to listen to peace proposals until Tangiers is taken. Military operations will be forthwith taken before that place.

Spain is about to issue notes for 200,000,000 roubles.

Neapolitan affairs are threatening. It was reported that a conspiracy had been discovered in the army.

There was a rumor of another Austrian loan. Spain refused to enter into negotiations for peace until Tangiers is taken.

Wheat closed with an advancing tendency for the finer qualities, which were higher. Wheat in bond, 64; White, 10s 6d a 11s. Corn advanced 3d a 1s.

Wheat closed with an advancing tendency for the finer qualities, which were higher. Wheat in bond, 64; White, 10s 6d a 11s. Corn advanced 3d a 1s.

VERY LATEST.
The Times is informed that Lord Elgin will undertake a second mission as plenipotentiary to China in the hope of being able, by the influence obtained on his former visit, to secure the ratification of the treaty of Tientsin and an entire cessation of hostilities.

INDIA AND CHINA.
Madras, Jan. 10.—The Governor has proceeded on a tour to the south and will be abroad about two months.

Arrival of the Anglo Saxon.
The Anglo Saxon arrived here at 2 p.m. Sailed from Liverpool on the 15th, via Queenston on the 16th. Bring 21 cabin and 63 steerage passengers, and a full freight.

News substantially the same as brought by the Edinburgh.

List of passengers by the Anglo Saxon: Mr. McFlickin, M.P.P., Rev. Mr. King and lady, Mr. Murphy, Mr. Levesque, Capt. York, Capt. Hall, Mr. Appleton, Mr. Hammond, John Miller, J. A. Woodard, Mr. Walker, Mr. Starks, Mr. Douglas, Mr. Dufour and child, Mr. Smilling Wright and child, Keenan.

The Member for Grey.

For some time past the friends of Mr. Hogan, the member for Grey, have been rendered uneasy by his continued absence from the city, and their entire ignorance of his whereabouts. For a while it was believed that he was temporarily living in Hamilton, and a reason was given for his change of residence which appeared to be satisfactory. It was presumed that at the meeting of Parliament he would be found in his place in the House. His non-appearance there has caused previous anxieties to be revived, and there seems to be a necessity for prompt and searching enquiries as to his fate. His letters and papers have been accumulating here for months. Not one of his friends, we are informed, has received a communication from him since the 7th December last. It was reported in Quebec that his absence was to be accounted for by domestic difficulties, leading to appeal to the courts. We have good reason for saying, however, that this is not the case, and we know of nothing in his circumstances which could have led to so prolonged an absence from his usual places of resort. We are loath to believe that a fatal accident has befallen him, but can discern no other probable solution of the mystery. When last heard of he was living at the Anglo-American in Hamilton, and we trust that his friends, or failing them, the officers of the law, will take steps to discover when he left there, and in which direction he went.—Globe.

Amusements.

On what seems a trifle, a more amusing of itself, in some nice situations, turns the scale of fate, and rules the most important actions.

A cynical Frenchman once said: "There are two parties to a love affair—the party who loves, and the party who consents to be loved."

Swinging is said by the doctors to be a good exercise for the health; but we have known many a poor wretch come to his death by it.

A witty exchange comes up the following in the "Lancet":

"Unhappy ladies, pure and undefiled Christians, disinterested friends, common honesty, sound potatoes, first rate butter, unwatered milk, and rich printers—are scarce."

King Charles II being in company with Lord Rochester and others of the nobility, Killigrew came in. "Now," said the king, "we shall hear of our faults." "No, faith," said Killigrew, "I don't care to trouble my head with that which all the town talks of."

Judge Jeffries when on the bench, told an old fellow with a long beard, that he supposed he had a conscience as long as his beard. "Does your lordship," replied the old man, "measure conscience by beards? If so, your lordship has none at all."

The title "Prof." is coming in vogue. "Any man that can hazard his neck on a wire, or in a balloon, is a 'Prof.' any man that can tame a horse or skin a cat, is a 'Prof.' any man who can play a few tricks or leggedom or clownery, is a Professor.

A western editor and his wife were out walking in the bright moonlight one evening. This wife was of exceedingly position turn, and said to her mate: "Notice the moon! how bright, calm and beautiful!" "Couldn't think of noticing it," retorted the editor, "for anything less than the usual rates—a dollar and fifty cents for two lines."

An ivory comb manufacturer in Meriden, Conn., being asked to sign the call for manufacturers' Union meeting, he objected that he might lose Southern trade by refusing. "Well," he replied, "if any one refuses to buy our combs, he may go lousy—that's all."

Economy! Economy!

IS A GOLDEN RULE.

JOHN BOND.

DEPS to inform the inhabitants of Newmarket and vicinity, that he has been appointed agent for the sale of

EXCELSIOR COAL OIL.

and Lamps.

The superiority of Coal Oil over every other light for brilliancy and economy, is an established fact, fully proved by its almost universal use. The public would be wise to call and see the selection of lamps and try the superior quality of the Oil. Coal Oil is the cheapest and best light ever brought in use for churches, private houses, Hotel Kitchens, Store Kitchens, or every other Public Place.

IF An Daily Call is Respectfully Solicited.
Newmarket, Jan. 4, 1899. 11-47

MAGISTRATE'S BLANKS.

For Sale, on hand for sale. Apply at the NEW ERA OFFICE.
Newmarket, June 9, 1899.

For Sale.

SOME Four Lots, beautifully situated on Niagara Street—being part of the "Clicket Ground," at Newmarket.
Terms Easy—For particulars enquire of G. W. Hellen, Esq., P. O. Box 1, Newmarket.
August 16, 1899. 11-4

Timber for Sale.

FOR Sale, any quantity of various sizes and kinds of timber, including clearing land, and will be filled at low rates.
Also, Cedar Posts for Fencing, Rails, &c. Apply at this office, or to the subscriber at Queville.
T. WINDELL.
Queville, Jan. 11, 1899. 11-48

Pure Liquors and Rich Wines.

THE attention of Medical Men, Invalids and Country Gentlemen is respectfully invited to the following:—
Rich Old Port,
Holland's Old,
Fine Tasty Whiskey,
Doubtful Port, &c., &c.
For Sale by the Subscriber.
JOHN BENTLEY.
Main Street, Newmarket, June 24, 1899. 11-21

TO FARMERS.

WANTED to Exchange, first-class Sugar Kettles for Wood.
Apply at the Foundry of the undersigned.
S. SYKES.
Newmarket, Jan. 11, 1899. 11-4

Furniture Wareroom.

JOSEPH MILLARD, Newmarket, has constantly on hand a large Assortment of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of Black Walnut and Mahogany Sideboards, Bureaus, Sofas, Tables, Chairs, and other articles usually required.
PATENT BEDSTADS, of various descriptions; also, Coffin Plates, Mirrors, Varnish, &c., kept for sale.
As the subscriber keeps Coffins ready made, he is prepared to furnish Funerals, on the shortest notice.
Newmarket, February 18, 1899.

NEW TREATMENT.

Buffalo Medical Dispensary.
ESTABLISHED FOR THE CURE OF
Dyspepsia, General Debility, Feeder and Ague, Scrofula, Old Ulcers, Erysipelas, Great Impurity of Blood, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Pustules, Piles, Liver Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, &c.; Canker, Sore Mouth, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Athanas, and Infant, Consumption, Infirmitas of Youth and Old Age.
NO MERCURY USED.

DR. AMOS & SON.

(Corner of Main and Quay Sts. Buffalo, N. Y.)
ARE the only Physicians in the State who are members of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, may be consulted from 8 o'clock in the morning, until 9 at night, in every case and symptom of Disease.
The results they adopt is the result of upwards of thirty years' extensive and successful practice in London.

A Most Scientific Invention.

An instrument for the cure of Genital Debility, or Neurasthenia, more properly known as Seminal Weakness, can be permanently cured in from fifteen days to two months by the use of this instrument, when used conjointly with medicines.

Young Men, take Particular Notice.

DR. AMOS & SON take pleasure in announcing that they have invented a most important instrument for the cure of the above diseases. It has been subjected to a test by the most eminent physicians in London, Paris, Philadelphia, and New York; it has been declared the only useful instrument ever invented for the cure of Seminal Weakness, or any disease of the genital organs, caused by the excess of youth. DR. AMOS & SON, in order to satisfy the most skeptical as to the merits of this instrument, pledge themselves that in any instance where it may prove unsatisfactory after a fair trial, the money will be refunded by returning the instrument in good order.

Persons wishing the above useful instrument will observe that the price, with the accompanying directions securely packed and sent by express, is ten dollars.

NEW REMEDIES AND QUICK CURES.

For the Venereal Diseases and all Private Complaints—glands, stricture, gonorrhea, weakness, pains in the loins, affection of the Kidneys, discharges of head and throat, nose, and skin, and all these dreadful affections arising from a secret habit of youth, which produces constitutional debility, render marriage impossible, and in the end destroy both body and mind. The treatment they adopt is the result of upwards of thirty years' extensive and successful practice in Europe and America.

COUNTRY INVALIDS.

Persons in any part of the world may be successfully treated by forwarding a correct detail of their case, with a remittance for medicine, &c.
Address DR. AMOS & SON, Corner of Main and Quay Sts., Buffalo, N. Y.
Buffalo, March 17, 1899. 11-5

CHEAP.

BOOT & SHOE STORE.

In returning thanks for the liberal patronage extended to him since commencing business in Newmarket, the undersigned begs respectfully to intimate that he is now in receipt of the Largest, Cheapest, and most varied assortment of

BOOTS, SHOES, AND GAITERS.

Ever offered to the public, embracing Ladies', Gents' and Children's, embracing

BALMORAL BOOTS.

Of superior quality—made with Boots and Shoes of almost all descriptions.
If a Call is respectfully solicited.
W. CARLINE.
Newmarket, May 18, 1899. 11-16

GROCERIES.

Extra due favored by N. Y. and Wm. and T. Wm. & Co., at \$0.50 a box.
Fine Flavored Oatmeal, sweet and unadorned—\$0.50 a box.

Fine Flavored Java Coffee, green 25c, roasted 25c.
Pure Carolina Rice, (new crop) 50c per lb.
Bright Porto Rico, Oranquillo and Red Sugar, Fine Flavored Green Tea, 50c per gallon.
Extra fine, do, 50c, do, 25c, do, pure, Best quality of Raisins and Currants (new crop).

Best-made Boots and Shoes.

Of all kinds and descriptions; also, RUBBERS, and all articles low.

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH.

Turpentine, Linseed Oil, White Lead, &c., &c.; also, all articles low.

New York Auction Goods!

Including Ladies' Dress Trimmings, Embroidery, Cutlery and Yankee Notions, under the importing Co.

TERMS AS USUAL.

All kinds of Produce taken in Exchange for Cash—Cash never refused. Also, American Money taken at all times.

CHAS. HOAN, AUCTIONEER.
CHAS. HOAN & CO., SHARON.
Dec. 28, 1899. 11-45

SLEEPING OUT.

Great Clearing sale of Family Groceries.

At Cost, for Cash Only.

In consequence of not being able to clear off their goods by the date previously advertised, the subscribers have determined to continue the Sale until the whole of their immense Stock is completely disposed of.

Remember the Old Stand, 231, Yonge-st., Corner of Shuter-st.
J. C. GRIFFITH & Co.
Toronto, October 12, 1899.

REMOVAL!

H. THOMPSON'S
SADDLE, HARNESS, AND TRUNK EMPORIUM,
Opposite the Rail Road Hotel, Newmarket.

Undersigned, in returning thanks for the liberal patronage hitherto conferred on him, respectfully intimates that he has REMOVED to the Shop

Where he keeps constantly on hand a large stock of Harness, made of the very best material, and Warranted to Give Satisfaction.

As he has taken the Eminent Prize, both for Saddles and Harness, wherever exhibited, he has every confidence in guaranteeing his work.

A superior assortment of all articles in his line of business, kept constantly on hand.

All Orders Thankfully Received and Promptly Executed—CHARGES MODERATE.

H. THOMPSON,
MAIN-ST., NEWMARKET.
September 20th, 19 11-31

ALBION HOTEL.

MONTREAL.
L. W. DECKER, Proprietor.

Is pleasantly situated at the head of ST. PAUL STREET, amongst the largest and most comfortable houses in the city. It has (with business men generally, and especially with the best merchants of both provinces) become a great favorite, that it is now acknowledged to be the best business Hotel in Montreal. To meet the constantly increasing demand for his hotel, the proprietor has been extended, and made more commodious; there has been completed in the new wing, a great number of well-ventilated sleeping rooms, and the house throughout has been refitted, and now contains many improvements and conveniences hitherto unknown to its guests. The whole of the Hotel, at a great expense, has been furnished with NEW SPRING MATTRESSES. The Proprietor expects, that by continuing his personal management of the concern, THE ALBION, to say the least, will continue to be, as it now is, the Best Hotel and a Half Hotel in Canada.

Montreal, Nov. 18, 1899. 11-40

R. FLEMING.

Saddle, Harness and Trunk Maker.
SIGN OF THE SADDLE AND COLLAR.
Main-st., Newmarket.

R. FLEMING in returning his sincere thanks to his friends and increasing number of customers for their liberal patronage solicits a continuance. He received

PRIZE AT THE LATE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION, held in Toronto, for the manufacture of Harness, and therefore has every confidence in guaranteeing his work.

A choice assortment of Saddles, Bridles, and Harness.

Single and Double Harness, of every description, Whips, &c., &c., constantly kept on hand, as he is determined to give his friends and customers who favor him with their custom, articles of the best quality and newest style.

At Moderate Charges.

Call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, and you will be well paid for your trouble.

All Work Warranted.

HATS.

And suitable Farm Produce taken in exchange for Work.

All Orders and Repairing done on the shortest notice. Remember the place.

Sign of the Saddle and Collar.
Main-st., Newmarket, July 7, 1899. 11-20

Hats, Caps, and Furs.

A endless variety of articles in the above line comprising Crockery, Price of Wales and Zephyr Hats.

Silk and Drab Cassimere Hats. Both hats in all Colors and Shapes. Cloth Caps do. Will open late October, a splendid stock of

Furs and Buffalo Robes.

At McCrosken's old stand, No. 127, (old 85) King-st., Toronto, nearly opposite St. James' Cathedral.
Toronto, Sept. 20, 1899. 11-52

"Equitable" Fire Insurance Company OF LONDON.

CAPITAL, £500,000 STERLING.

General Agent, British North American Colonies
CHARLES F. TILSTONE
MONTREAL.

This Office insures against Loss or Damage by Fire, all descriptions of Buildings, including Mills and Manufactories, and the Goods, Wares and Merchandise in the same; Ships in Harbour or in dock; Craft on Navigable Rivers and Canals, and the Goods laden in the same; and Farming Stock of all descriptions.

The "Equitable" Fire Office will, by constant analysis of its own experience from time to time, adopt such rates of Premiums as the nature of the risk may justify.

With this view, an annual investigation will be made into each class of risk, and a return of one moiety of fifty per cent.—of the net excess will be made to all classes of Insurers, whose Policies have been in force for three years.

The engagements of the "Equitable," are guaranteed by a responsible Proprietor, and are free from the liabilities of a Mutual Insurance Society, and entitled, according to the plan of the Company, to a return of half the profits.

Losses are made good without deduction of discount, and are adjusted and paid in Montreal, without reference to London.

R. H. SMITH, Agent.
Newmarket.

March 12, 1899.

Labour Saved!

THE Public are notified that the subscriber has been appointed agent for Newmarket and vicinity, for the sale of the

Canadian Family Sewing Machine.

Patentees are invited to call and see the machine in operation. Every information will be given, and parties satisfied that the Machines are full what they are represented.

The Best Family Machine Now in Use, JOHN TOWNLEY,
Merchant Tailor, on Timothy-St., in rear of Simpson and Treat.
Newmarket, Jan. 18, 1899. 11-49

A CARD.

TO THOSE who prefer NATURE'S REMEDIES, which are in accordance with the laws of life.

FREE FROM ALL POISONS, calculated to build up instead of break down the Constitution will find such

Medicines and Remedies, for all diseases, at Dr. Ford's office, Newmarket, prepared with care. He would also state, that he will treat on Mondays and Saturdays, and personally attend to patients who may wish advice free of charge. He has engaged the services of Dr. Gordon, who will attend to all cases at call.

Newmarket, Nov. 24, 1899. 11-41

Take Notice.

Miss SUSANNA McCASLAND, BEGS to state to the inhabitants of NEW MARKET, and surrounding country, that she has taken the

PICTURE GALLERY.

On the lot of H. N. SOUTHARD, opposite Mr. Bogart's Store, where she will remain for a short time. A call is solicited.
N. B. Business hours from 9 o'clock a. m. to 8 o'clock p. m.
Newmarket, Nov. 10, 1899. 11-39

W. BOWDEN.

CARPENTER and JOINER.

In returning thanks for the liberal patronage conferred since commencing business in this place, would respectfully intimate, that he is now prepared to contract for the

ERECTOR OF BUILDINGS

of all descriptions, and keeps constantly on hand Sashes and Doors.

All orders punctually attended to, and charges moderate.
Shop on Main-street.
Newmarket, Nov. 23rd, 1899. 11-42

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned in returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since commencing business in this place, respectfully intimates to his friends and customers, that he has REMOVED

ONE DOOR NORTH OF HIS OLD STAND.

MAIN-ST., NEWMARKET.

where he will be most happy to wait upon all who may feel disposed to consult him with their orders.

BOOTS, SHOES, & GAITERS, of all descriptions, Ready-Made, kept constantly on hand. At the work is all executed under his own supervision, he has great confidence in recommending the name to the public.

T. H. KEOUGH.
Newmarket, March 22, 1899. 11-6

Important to Shoe-Makers!

NEWMARKET TANNERY.

THE Subscriber having Rented the above establishment from Mr. Wm. Wallis, intends carrying on the

Tanning Business

In all its various branches, and will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of LEATHER, as Spanish and Blagayr Sole, Upper, Kip, Cordovan and Luce Leather. Also, for sale—

Tanner's Oil and Cow-Hair!

All of which will be sold cheap, for cash, or three months credit.

CASH PAID FOR HIDES AND SKINS.

THOMAS FOLEY.
Newmarket, April 23, 1899. 11-11

WAR! WAR! WAR!

Upon Bad Work and High Prices!

REMOVAL.

THE Undersigned, in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed since commencing business in this place, respectfully intimates to his friends and customers that he has REMOVED TO HIS NEW PREMISES.

Nearly opposite Mr. Morris' Grocery, MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET.

Where he will be most happy to wait upon those who may feel disposed to entrust him with their orders.

BOOTS AND SHOES, of all descriptions, Ready-Made, kept constantly on hand. At the work is all executed under his own supervision, he has great confidence in recommending it to the public.

J. RHINEHART.
Newmarket, May 14, 1899. 11-15

A FIRST CLASS

DRUG STORE!

THE Undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of

AURORA

And Vicinity, and the Public generally, that he has opened out a

DRUG STORE.

In the above mentioned place, in the Building formerly occupied by Mr. J. H. H. H.

The stock consists, in part, of the following articles:—Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Patents, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Spices, Flavoring Extracts, Pure Artillery, for medical uses, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Candles, Burning Oil, Alcohol, Turpentine, Tobacco, Snuff, Soap, Stationery, &c., &c.

All of which is entirely Fresh, and of the first Quality; in short his Stock comprises all the leading articles usually kept in a Drug Store; and as his facilities for procuring Goods cannot be excelled by any one, he will sell at as low a price as is consistent in the country.

Physicians' Prescriptions accurately compounded.

Teeth Extracted

On the shortest notice, or any other branch of DENTAL SURGERY skillfully performed, and Warranted.

Aurora, Nov. 25, 1899. C. S. LLOYD. 11-41

Teth Extracted Without Pain.

BY THE USE OF ELECTRICITY.

BY DR. E. C. EDMONDS.

SURGICAL DENTIST.

WHO will be at the NORTH AMERICAN HOTEL Newmarket, the 1st Tuesday of each Month.

Those Insisted on Gold, Silver, or Vulcanized Rubber.

All operations in his profession, performed in the most approved manner, and Warranted.

Residence—Aurora, C. W.

E. C. EDMONDS. 11-33

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